

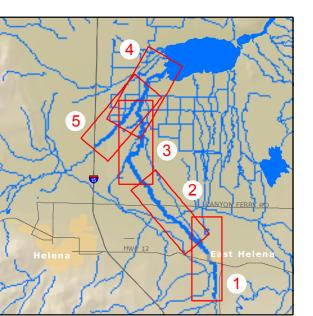
1955, 1995/97 and 2008 air photos Reach Boundaries Erosion Hazard Area 100-yr erosion buffer based on reach-scale mean migration rate; extended from 2008 banklines

Avulsion Hazard Zones and Pathways areas with relic channel remnants prone to reactivation

- High hazard zones/pathways in 100-yr floodplain
- Moderate hazard pathways in 100-yr floodplain Low hazard distributary channels on alluvial fan
- Note: FEMA floodplain boundaries are currently under revision and are not included on these maps.

Prickly Pear & Tenmile Creek Channel Migration Zone Lewis & Clark County, Montana

1:12,000



efforts, but in any application, it is critical that users thoroughly understand the process of the CMZ development and its associated limitations.

Primary limitations of this reach-scale mapping approach include: the potential for an underestimation of short-term migration rates in discrete areas that are eroding especially rapidly, the potential for the river to migrate beyond the mapped CMZ boundary, as well as limitations in mapping of site-specific geotechnical attributes of banklines. As such, we recommend that these maps be supplemented by site-specific assessment where near-term migration rates or site geology and associated bankline retreat rates create anomalies in the reach-averaging approach.

